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Develop Israel with Israel Bonds

THE JERUSALEM POST

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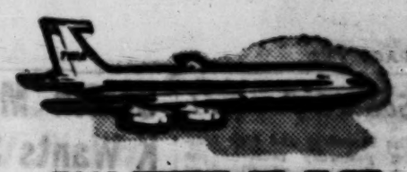
FLY TWA SUPERJETS

Negotiations On Coalition Still in Progress

POST Political Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Coalition negotiators worked late into the night in an attempt to bridge last minute differences of opinions between the prospective partners in the next government.

Despite earlier expectations that the agreements would be initialled last night, the negotiators did not finish their work and were expected to continue today. They hoped to complete their talks by this evening, when the Mapai Central Committee and the Ahdut Ha'avoda Council were scheduled to convene to vote on the new coalition.

Question of coalition discipline and the degree of freedom of action to be permitted to Ahdut Ha'avoda Knesset Members proved one of the most difficult points of the Mapai-Ahdut Ha'avoda talks. The meeting was presided over by Finance Minister Levi Eshkol and Mr. Akiva Govrin, M.K. and Mayor Mordechai Namir, attended for Mapai, with Ahdut Ha'avoda represented by Transport Minister Yitzhak Ben Aharon and Party Secretary Israel Bar Yehuda.

The proposed coalition would rest on only 68 Knesset votes (42 — Mapai, 4 — Mapai Arabs, 12 — N.R.P., 8 — Ahdut Ha'avoda and two Poalei Aguda), which would make voting discipline essential for the stability of the Government.

The Ahdut Ha'avoda spokesmen wished to assure their members freedom of voting on basic laws, and also urged a more progressive income tax system with tax alleviations for lower income groups.

Mapam "Ghost"

A main underlying issue was the hope of Ahdut Ha'avoda to see Mapam back in the Cabinet at a later date. This Mapam 'ghost', which dogged yesterday's talks, came up during the discussion on the allocation of portfolios. Ahdut urged leaving Mapam's present Development and Health portfolios vacant for "a reasonable period", while Mapai was inclined to accede to their demand for the agriculture ministry, but with the incumbent Mapai minister Mr. Moshe Dayan, moving to the Development Ministry. This point caused much discussion.

Other arguments concerned concessions to the Religious Bloc. The Ahdut Ha'avoda men were not prepared to go as far as Mapai in meeting the orthodox demands, particularly with regard to the Sabbath Observance legislation which would ban all forms of public transport on the Sabbath.

It was on the latter point that Mapai-N.R.P. talks became stalled. These negotiations were conducted mainly by lawyers — Mr. Haim Zadok, M.K., for Mapai, and Dr. Z. Warhaftig, M.K., for the N.R.P. Other points involved anti-pork legislation.

Similarly the N.R.P. have put forward a demand for four ministries. They seek, besides their present Interior and Social Welfare ministries, both the Ministry of Religious Affairs and Justice portfolios, with Dr. Warhaftig mentioned as candidate for the latter post. On this issue, Mapai has revealed opposition, as Mr. Warhaftig is a supporter of a systematic return to Jewish traditional law as Israel law. Unconfirmed reports have it that Mr. Ben-Gurion has urged his party to appoint a member of the Sephardi community to the post of Justice Minister.

ARMY BACK IN TURKEY

ON the 38th Anniversary of the Turkish Republic and a fortnight after the general elections which restored democracy to Turkey, the political situation in that country remains confused and somewhat baffling for a foreign observer.

It is true that a great step towards normalization of the regime has been made with the election of General Gursel to the Presidency of the Republic and the entrance into the Senate of the members of the military junta which had governed the country since May 1960. But at the same time the inability of the four political parties represented in the Parliament to agree among themselves on the choice of a prime minister, as well as on the choice of the president of the Assembly, has obliged the Army to retain some control over political developments. This fact has now been underlined by General Gursel's decision to appoint as "temporary" prime minister General Fahri Ozdilek, one of the most prominent members of the junta which overthrew the Menderes regime. But then, after all, who are we to be surprised that a coalition cannot be formed more quickly?

There is no doubt such a situation was not foreseen by the majority of the officers who carried out the coup. They exiled those of their comrades who favoured the continuation of the army regime, and they did everything possible to bring back democracy to Turkey. But things did not go according to plan.

No one in Turkey expected that the five million electors who for 10 years had remained faithful to the Democratic Party of Mr. Menderes would all suddenly vote for parties which, like the Republican People's Party of Mr. Ismet Inonu, had always been its bitter opponent. But the officers thought that the picture of arbitrary rule and corruption which the Yassiada trial gave of Mr. Menderes' regime would be sufficient to detach at least a million or two voters from it and assure a comfortable majority for the parties which had remained more faithful to the principles of Kemalism, and upheld the ideas of religious freedom and other Western attitudes.

But these hopes did not materialize. On election day a fortnight ago the Republican Party failed to draw more than 42 per cent of the popular vote, while the three other parties, which are more or less in favour of concessions to Islam, together obtained a majority, with the Justice Party, the most extremist of the three in this respect, emerging first in the Senate and second in the House of Representatives.

A coalition of the three parties favouring changes in the accepted Kemalist line on religious matters could theoretically obtain a working majority in both Houses, thereby isolating the People's Party. Bitter personal wars divide these three parties, while on the other hand the Army would not wish to assist to power politicians who questioned the legality of the Yassiada trials. Such a move could start a new wave of disorders and in a country so bitterly divided could create a danger of further trouble. The officers have therefore embarked on what would seem a practical course: they have pressed all parties to forget their differences and to cooperate in a government which will not touch too closely controversial matters. Success seemed assured last week.

But differences and animosity are too strong to be forgotten even under pressure. This is why, in spite of the agreement, the parties have been unable to decide on a prime minister acceptable to all of them. In the face of a protracted deadlock General Gursel decided not to leave the country without a government and has appointed General Fahri Ozdilek, his right hand man during the 17 months of junta rule. It seems likely that he will remain in power for some time.

Many observers estimate that it may prove for the best. The Turkish parties require a period of tranquillization to reduce the bitterness accumulated over the last months and years. The continuation of some army controls, even indirect, may help to save Turkey from renewed upheavals.

Kassem and The Tower of Babel

LONDON (Reuter). — The conservative "Sunday Telegraph" yesterday described as "an impious tempting of Providence" the reported proposal by Premier Kassem of Iraq to rebuild the Biblical Tower of Babel.

The paper said: "Prestige building appears to be reaching its topmost limit in Iraq where Gen. Kassem threatens to re-erect the Tower of Babel on its original site. Even Dr. Nkrumah (Prime Minister of Ghana) would scarcely aspire to such an impious tempting of Providence.

"However, the Arabs may escape the multilingual fate of the sons of Ham, Shem and Japhet. Allah has no need to confound their language to sow dissensions among them."

Egyptians Stripped Syrians in Kuwait

Egyptian commanders of the UAR contingent in Kuwait stripped Syrian officers and men of their uniforms after the Syrian uprising, Amman Radio reported yesterday.

It said Jordan soldiers came to the rescue of their "Syrian brethren" by providing them with uniforms which the Syrians were until they were provided with new outfits from Damascus.

Paris Says it Was The Bomb But Others Think it a 'Quake

The French Atomic Energy Commissariat reported yesterday that Russia had exploded a "super bomb," but officials in both London and Sweden discounted this, and said the reports were believed to be due to an earthquake.

In Washington, the U.S. Atomic Energy Commission said it had no indication of a new Soviet nuclear test.

The Paris report said instruments recorded the explosion at 0945 GMT, and that it was from a nuclear device about twice the size of Russia's October 23 explosion, which was estimated at 30 megatons — about 30 million tons of TNT.

Later, the French Commission conceded that further study of its recordings of the blast would be necessary.

In Uppsala, Sweden, Dr. Markus Baath, head of the Seismological Institute, said their instruments recorded an earthquake about the time the French said they had recorded the Soviet test. "No recording of a bomb test was registered here at this time," he added.

In London, the British Atomic Energy Authority said the reported Soviet nuclear explosion might have been an earthquake. "We have no confirmation at all of any reports of a Russian nuclear explosion, and so we must conclude that it was an earthquake which has been misread," he added.

A Defence Ministry spokesman said the explosion was still being investigated, but it might possible have been an earthquake.

The blast was recorded in Paris 10 hours after Uppsala Seismological Institute reported a small nuclear test explosion — only about one-quarter of the force of the estimated 30-megaton test of October 23 — in the Novaya Semlya area of Northern Russia.

Later the Institute reported their seismograph was active at 0945 GMT, the time the French Atomic Energy Commisariat said the "super bomb" was detonated — but indicating an epicentre much further away than Novaya Semlya. Dr. Baath added that this later recording was definitely not like those made by nuclear tests.

Later, an Atomic Energy Authority spokesman in London said: "The instruments at Aldermaston (British nuclear research establishment) operate automatically and are constantly recording small earthquakes. It is not always easy to distinguish between an earthquake and a nuclear explosion."

A Russian radio broadcast directed at Russia and the Far East which was monitored in Los Angeles is reported to have said that Communist China was getting ready to conduct its first nuclear tests.

The monitor, who is associated with an important scientific organization and asked not be identified, said that the broadcast reported that 2,000 square miles near the borders of China, Outer Mongolia and Russia were being evacuated "because of the forthcoming nuclear tests by the Chinese People's Republic." The dates for the tests and the size of the devices were not indicated, he said.

The monitor added that broadcasts from the same source have not always been accurate. He said the Russians have exploded some low-yield devices at a test site near Semipalatinsk, Russia, which is in the the area mentioned by the announcer.

On the instructions of the Dutch Agricultural Ministry, all wild geese and other high flying birds shot over Dutch territory will have to be submitted to the Institute for Applied Biological Research for investigation on their degree of radioactivity. (Reuter)

SOVIETS COMPLETE ROCKET TESTS

MOSCOW (Reuter). — The Soviet Union launched a multi-stage carrier rocket in the Central Pacific on Saturday, Tass reported yesterday.

This launching completed the planned programme of scientific research work, Tass said.

It said the last rocket travelled 12,000 kilometres. The mock-up of the penultimate stage hit the water "with high precision."

The area defined in the Tass statement of September 11, announcing the tests, becomes free for navigation and aircraft as of yesterday, Tass added. It said the launchings obtained valuable data, essential for the further exploration of cosmic space.

U.S. Senator Hubert Humphrey listening yesterday to what he called Mr. Ben-Gurion's "frank and articulate" exposition of Israel's case on the refugee question. Photo by Harris

Humphrey Happier About Peace Prospect, Has Ideas on Refugees

Jerusalem Post Reporter

"As a result of my talks with the leaders of the Arab nations and Israel, I am more optimistic about the chance for peace in the Middle East than I was after my trip to this area in 1957," Senator Hubert Humphrey declared last night at a press conference in Jerusalem.

Senator Humphrey, who is Deputy Majority leader of the Senate, said that, as a result of his tour, he had some new ideas which may help contribute to a solution of the Arab refugee problem, which he termed "one of the most serious" of all the questions troubling the area. He declined to elaborate, stating that he would discuss his ideas with administration officials in Washington.

Earlier in the day, Sen. Humphrey met with Prime Minister Ben-Gurion and the Foreign Minister, Mrs. Golda Meir. The meeting with Mr. Ben-Gurion continued much beyond the time originally scheduled, causing the Cabinet meeting, which followed, to be delayed for about an hour.

Senator Humphrey told the press that he "marvelled" at the vast development in land reclamation, housing and industry that had taken place in Israel since his last visit. He stressed particularly Israel's strides in water development, and said that the time may come when the U.S. will call upon Israel for technical assistance in water conservation.

During his tour Sen. Humphrey met with the leaders of Egypt, Lebanon, Syria and Jordan, and he said that he encountered no rancour in his talks, but rather noticed a deep concern on the part of all the leaders about the problems of development in their own countries.

Sen. Humphrey stated that both Mr. Ben-Gurion and the Arab leaders with whom he had conferred were "articulate" about the refugee issue. He said there had been no "fuzziness" in their talks on the matter.

He stated that it would be a mistake for the U.S. to attempt to force a solution to the problems of the area, and that the solutions must be worked out by the Middle East nations themselves.

Yesterday afternoon Senator and Mrs. Humphrey attended a ceremony marking the planting of a wood in his name in the Judean Hills. The 25,000-tree wood was donated by constituents of the Senator in Minnesota.

In the evening Sen. Humphrey, Sen. Symington (see article), their wives, and accompanying friends attended a dinner given in their honour by the Foreign Minister, Mrs. Golda Meir. Also present were Mr. Zalman Aranne, M.K.; Mr. Meir Argov, M.K.; Dr. Haim Yahil, the Director-General of the Foreign Ministry, and other senior Ministry officials.

Sen. Humphrey and his party were yesterday the luncheon guests of the Minister of Labour, Dr. Giora Josephthal. Also present was the Deputy Minister of Defence, Mr. Shimon Peres.

Sen. Humphrey is due to leave today for Greece.

TALBOT IN GALILEE

Mr. Phillips Talbot, U.S. Assistant Secretary of State for Near Eastern and South Asian Affairs who is now visiting Israel, yesterday toured Galilee and the Jordan River Diversion scheme.

Today Mr. Talbot is due to confer with Prime Minister Ben-Gurion in Jerusalem.

Nasser 'May Be' Giving Up War Policy, B-G Says

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Prime Minister Ben-Gurion last night said the political result of the Sinai campaign has been the free contact of Israel with the peoples of Asia and Africa.

Mr. Ben-Gurion pointed to the recent *de jure* recognition of Israel by Ethiopia as the most recent expression of this, and Israel's friendly relations with "the largest Moslem state in the Middle East — Iran," resulting from the opening of the Straits of Eilat to Israel shipping.

Mr. Ben-Gurion was addressing officers of the Armoured Corps at the Mann Auditorium at the rally marking the fifth anniversary of the Sinai Campaign.

Tel Aviv was surrounded yesterday morning by the strong armour of the Defence Forces, out on a friendly mission in honour of "Armour Day."

Mr. Ben-Gurion said: "Without the Sinai Campaign Israel would not have been able to establish its present contacts in Asia and Africa.

"Also, perhaps, and I stress the word perhaps, the Sinai Campaign brought nearer peace between Israel and Egypt, although this might sound strange at the present time," the Premier said.

The Prime Minister said that he had read Abdul Nasser's speeches made following the recent Syrian revolution. In these, the Egyptian ruler had announced "openly and with great wisdom" that he would devote his efforts to solving the difficult internal problems of his country, which had not found solution for the past 5,000 years. "If this speech was not merely an impulse of the moment, I see here a hopeful sign," Mr. Ben-Gurion declared.

A serious and sincere approach to solving internal problems of Egypt was not compatible with military adventures, Mr. Ben-Gurion told his officer audience. In this case, Egypt will require peace to fulfil its social reform plans.

Mr. Ben-Gurion reiterated Israel's readiness to reach peace and cooperate with all her neighbours. "We are ready not only to make peace but to create a cooperative alliance for the development of Egypt," he added.

However, under the present conditions Israel could not depend on the justice of its cause alone, Mr. Ben-Gurion said.

"Just as dependence on strength alone is fraught with danger, the opposite is also true," Mr. Ben-Gurion said, in stressing the need for a strong Israel armed deterrent.

EGYPT MARKS SINAI 'VICTORY'

Egypt yesterday marked the fifth anniversary of her "victory" in the Sinai and Suez campaigns with special radio commentaries and press articles and a celebration in Port Said.

In Damascus, meanwhile, Premier Kuzbari took the occasion to laud Egypt's "brave stand" during the campaign five years ago and expressed the hope for "real Arab unity" not based on the "personal ambition" on any Arab leader.

But Kuzbari noted that Syria's act of "solidarity" with Egypt in 1956 in destroying the oil pipelines across its territory from Iraq cost the country £40m.

'Nasser Broke Up 3 Coup Attempts'

DAMASCUS (Reuter). — The leader of an Egyptian parachute commando which landed in Syria during last month's coup was reported here yesterday to have said that Abdul Nasser had smashed three attempts by Egyptian officers to overthrow his regime.

Damscus Radio broadcast a statement said to have been recorded by Major Jela Hreidy, the commando leader who was arrested with his troops immediately after they landed at the coastal town of Latakia.

The statement said the last of the three attempts was planned for July 22. Its leaders were arrested.

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THE BATTLE AGAINST CANCER
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Moderator:
Dr. K. J. MANN,
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Experts replying:
Professors J. Gross, A. Hochman, A. Rozin, H. Unger
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ADMISSION FREE.

Soviets to Propose Ouster of Formosa

UNITED NATIONS (UPI). — The Soviet Union will introduce a resolution in the General Assembly calling for the ouster of Nationalist China and its replacement by Communist China, it was disclosed last night.

The Soviet delegation disclosed a draft resolution which would call for the "immediate" ouster of the Chiang Kai-shek clique" from all U.N. organs and for General Assembly action to "invite" People's China to take its "rightful place" in the world body.

The Soviet draft resolution was circulated yesterday by U.N. headquarters. There was no indication as to when the resolution will be introduced in the Assembly.

Meir Reports On Assembly

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Mrs. Golda Meir yesterday gave the Cabinet a full report on the present session of the U.N. General Assembly in New York.

The Foreign Ministry reviewed the Israel delegation's activities in explaining Israel's position on the Arab refugee issue. She also described the efforts of the delegation regarding the problem of finding a successor for the late Dag Hammerskjold.

The Cabinet spokesman told his regular press conference after the session that at Mrs. Meir's request the Cabinet made decisions on certain issues that are to come up for discussion shortly at the General Assembly. He did not divulge any details about the decisions or even what the issues are.

In discussing Israel's support of the vote of censure against the speech by Dr. Eric Louw, the South African Foreign Minister, Mrs. Meir told the Cabinet that this was based on the principle of rejecting any form of racial discrimination.

Mrs. Meir also reported on the bitter anti-Israel speech by Ahmed Shukairy, and her snub at the hands of Mongi Slim of Tunisia.

The official comunique said:

At its weekly session yesterday, the Cabinet received a report from the Foreign Minister.

Three Chairmen At Single Session

Yesterday's Cabinet session, possibly the last of the nine-month-old Caretaker Government, was presided over by three Ministers in turn.

The Prime Minister, who opened the meeting, had to leave in the middle to attend the Armoured Corps celebrations in Tel Aviv. Finance Minister Levi Eshkol took over until he himself had to go off to an official luncheon engagement. The third chairman was Justice Minister Pinhas Rosen, who presided over the discussion on the Israel-Italy soccer match.

Talks at High Level On Berlin Seen in Prospect

$3,700m. More For US Defence

WASHINGTON (Reuter). — The Defence Department in the current fiscal year will increase its spending by $3,700m. over last year in America's highest-ever peacetime budget, the U.S. Budget Bureau estimated yesterday.

In a review of the current (1962) fiscal year, which began last July 1, the Bureau predicted a $6,900m. deficit in the Kennedy Administration's first budget. It estimated current fiscal year spending at $89,000m.

The review said the increased defence spending was to pay for steps to "strengthen our preparedness to deal with both limited wars and nuclear attack," the review said.

The review said the steps included:

A 50 per cent increase in the number of Polaris submarines on battle station by the end of the 1964 fiscal year; expansion of the minimum solid fuel strategic missile programme; a 50 per cent increase in the number of bombers on 15-minute ground alert; an increase in the number of Army divisions and tactical air squadrons; increased anti-submarine capabilities; expanded developments of non-nuclear weapons, ammunition and equipment; expanded civil defence.

It said that maintenance of an adequate defence establishment was by far the most costly government activity, with defence outlay 54 per cent of the total estimated expenditure for 1962.

Saudia Condemns Egyptian Attacks

AMMAN (Reuter). — Saudi Arabia has protested against Egyptian press and radio attacks, Mecca Radio heard in Amman reported on Saturday night.

Mecca Radio said the Saudi Arabian Government has also denied Cairo's charges that Saudi Arabia had a hand in recent Syrian events culminating in the breaking of the union between Egypt and Syria.

Saudi Arabia issued a statement expressing surprise and regret at this campaign against its Government and leaders.

Mecca Radio also reported that Saudi Arabia has told Ethiopia that its full diplomatic recognition of Israel will have a bad effect on relations between the two countries.

Bonn Calls More Reservists

BERLIN (AP). — The British and French made cautious probes at Berlin's fear-laden border sector yesterday, but the East and the Allies seemed to be using extreme care to avoid explosive incidents.

The atmosphere suggested that delicate diplomatic maneouvring at higher levels was in prospect to remove the detonator from a crisis that brought Soviet and U.S. tanks face to face at the barrier dividing East and West Berlin.

Thousands of West Berliners, swarming all over the danger area near the Friedrichstrasse checkpoint, watched tensely while two potential incidents developed.

They were aware that U.S. and Soviet tanks were still less than 2,000 metres apart on either side of the cold war frontier and could be brought into play again.

In mid-afternoon, two British Army sightseeing buses containing both soldiers and civilians showed up at the sector crossing. The buses were stopped by East German police and turned back when the passengers would show their papers only through the bus windows. The buses turned back, but returned half an hour later. For some unexplained reason they were permitted to pass the second time.

A French military car showed up with an officer in civilian clothes and three women passengers. Apparently they refused to show identification papers, adopting the same position as the Americans. They were turned back.

U.S. official personnel in U.S. Army-licensed cars as a rule refuse to show their papers at all on the ground that East Berlin is occupied territory and does not have any recognized government. They insist upon dealing only with the Russians as the occupying authorities.

In Bonn, it was announced that West Germany is to call up about 5,000 reservists within a few days as "an act of defence readiness," a Defence Ministry spokesman said yesterday.

"The New York Times" reported yesterday that the West German Government has agreed to buy U.S. military equipment supplies and facilities in Europe worth about $600m.

Kenyatta: Days Of Mau Mau are Over

NAIROBI (Reuter). — Mr. Jomo Kenyatta, new leader of the Kenya African National Union, has warned his followers that there must be no revenge or settling old scores with their enemies of the Mau Mau days.

Speaking to a crowd of 8,000 at Githunguri — a Kikuyuland village — on Saturday, Mr. Kenyatta also said: "There must be no oath-taking at all. There is no need for it." Secret meetings were also unnecessary and had to end.

The announcement came two-and-a-half months after Mr. Kenyatta's release from restricted residence at Maralal, near here.

Molotov Sits Tight

VIENNA (Reuter). — Mr. Vyacheslav Molotov, Russia's 71-year-old ex-Foreign Minister denounced by Mr. Khrushchev at the Communist Party Congress in Moscow, has not left home here for three days.

Up to four days ago, both he and his wife Pauline used to take daily walks in a nearby park and go shopping. Now both have stayed indoors for the last two days.

But yesterday he was seen looking out of a window of his third-floor apartment.

Mr. Molotov, once ranked third in the Soviet hierarchy, is now head of the Soviet permanent mission to the International Atomic Energy Agency here.

(Stalin-Marx — Page 2)

Tshombe in Geneva 'For Rest'

GENEVA. — President Tshombe of Katanga arrived here yesterday from Elisabethville and told reporters "I am here for my health, that is all."

Accompanied by two aides, he was welcomed by Katangese representatives and left the airport without further comment.

The 41-year-old President had a slight heart attack in Elisabethville last August. Before that he was reported in poor health after being detained last May for two months by the Central Government while attending a conference of Congolese leaders at Coquilhatville.

(The semi-official Belgian news agency Inbel reported that the President had appointed Mr. Jean-Marie Kibwe, Finance Minister, to take charge of administrative matters during his absence).

Dr. Conor O'Brien, chief U.N. representative in Katanga, yesterday protested to Foreign Minister Evariste Kimba about "defamatory passages" in a broadcast on Friday by Mr. Lucas Semalange, Information Minister.

Elisabethville's Mayor, Mr. Boniface Mwepu, yesterday renamed the Post Office square — scene of heavy fighting between Katangese and U.N. troops last month — "Square of National Heroes, September 1961."

In Leopoldville, it was announced that U.N. soldiers shot and killed a leading Katanga mercenary during a jailbreak at a U.N. prison camp on Saturday night.

The U.N. said Andre Cremer, a Belgian, and a British subject, Louis Chalmers, known as "Chamois," sneaked from their guarded hut in Leopoldville's Camp Martini, where all captured Katangan mercenaries have been held. U.N. Ethiopian soldiers guarding the camp spotted them and fired twice in the air, then shot at them when they refused to stop. Cremer was hit, but Chalmers got away. He was later found in a cafe — buying drinks for U.N. soldiers, and was persuaded by the British consul to return to camp.

(Reuter, UPI)

Turkish Officer-Exiles Call for Social Reforms

PARIS (Reuter). — Fourteen Turkish officers, excluded last November from Turkey's Committee of National Unity (military *Junta*), said yesterday they aimed at social democracy in Turkey and were awaiting a favourable moment to return to their country.

Six of the 14 gave a press conference in the Press Attache's office of the Turkish Embassy, speaking collectively through an interpreter in the name of all 14. The 14, who have spent their exile as Attaches at various Turkish Embassies, met last week in Brussels to decide their policy following the Turkish elections.

The six said they had so far taken no decision about returning to Turkey, following the announcement in Ankara on October 17 that they were free to end their exile.

"We are all Kemalists (disciples of Kemal Ataturk, builder of modern Turkey) and we give priority to Social Democracy," they said. "We believe that will lead later to true political democracy."

The six who attended the press conference were Colonel Orhan Kabibay, Colonel Alparsian Turkesh, Major Orhan Erkanli, Major Mustafa Kaplan, Captain Numan Esin and Captain Irfan Solmazer.

After the officers had made guarded replies to a number of questions, about their intentions, a correspondent asked: "Are you in a state of insurrection against the present government?"

The reply was: "The situation in Turkey is a justification of what we said a year ago, and we shall continue to work with our friends."

Gursel: 'Too Early' To Name Premier

ANKARA (Reuter). — President Cemal Gursel told reporters here on Saturday evening that it was too early for him to nominate a new Prime Minister.

Earlier, he had asked Mr. Fahri Ozdilek, outgoing Vice-Premier, to be temporary Prime Minister until a new Government had been formed.

The outgoing Cabinet resigned on Friday after the recent elections in which no party won a clear majority. It will continue in office until a new Administration is formed.

(Leader — Col. 1)

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as well as in winter keep colds away.
Eat

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Social & Personal

The President and Mrs. Ben-Zvi yesterday received the Los Angeles and Cleveland UJA groups, who were introduced by Dr. Israel Goldstein, Chairman of the Keren Hayesod.

The Foreign Minister, Mrs. Golda Meir, yesterday received the Mayor of Guatemala City, Dr. Luis F. Galich. He later called on the Mayor of Tel Aviv, Mr. Mordecai Namir.

The Labour Minister, Dr. Giora Josephthal, and the Secretary-General of the Jewish Agency, Mr. Moshe Rivlin, addressed the Cleveland UJA group at a dinner in the King David Hotel yesterday. Mr. Arieh Pincus, Jewish Agency Treasurer, addressed the Los Angeles group at a dinner in the President Hotel. Mr. Max Varon, Head of the Foreign Ministry's Central European Department, addressed the Los Angeles group at a luncheon yesterday.

Mrs. Chaim Weizmann yesterday entertained at luncheon at her residence in Rehovot Countess Harewood; Mr. and Mrs. Dewey D. Stone; Mr. and Mrs. James Lyons; Professor Amos de Shalit, and Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Weizmann.

The French Ambassador and Mme. Bourdellette, accompanied by the Commercial Counsellor and Mme. Puchard, and the French Consul-General and Mme. Haget toured railway installations in Haifa and the North yesterday and were luncheon guests of the General Manager of Israel Railways and Mrs. Savidor, yesterday.

On Saturday night the members of the Congressional group headed by Senators Strom Thurmond and Ralph Yarborough were the dinner guests of Deputy-Minister of Defence Shimon Peres at the Sheraton Hotel.

M. Jacques Teynier, Cultural Counsellor of the Embassy of France in Israel, will lecture on Jean Anouilh, tonight, October 30, at 6 p.m. at the Kings' Hotel, 60 King George Avenue, Jerusalem. M. Christian de Sainte-Marie, Consul-General of France in Jerusalem, will preside. The public is invited.

The Cancer Association will hold a symposium on the disease at the Arnon Cinema in Jerusalem at 9 p.m. tonight. Dr. Kalman J. Mann, Director-General of the Hadassah Medical Organization, will preside; the participants will include Profs. Avraham Hochman, Jack Gross, Henry Ungar, and Hannah Rozin, and Dr. Falk Schlesinger. Admission free.

Prayers commemorating the 18th anniversary of the rescue of Danish Jewry by the Danish people and underground will be held at 4 p.m. tomorrow at the synagogue near King David's Tomb on Mt. Zion.

Fund for Republic Group in Capital

Dr. Robert Hutchins, President of the Fund for the Republic and Chairman of the Centre for the Study of Democratic Institutions, and the 21-member group of the Fund now visiting Israel, yesterday toured Jerusalem.

The party also visited the Government Antiquities Department, where they were received by the Director, Dr. A. Biran. In the evening they were the guests at a dinner given at the Hebrew University by the Rector, Professor G. Racah.

J'lem Mutual Aid Society 25 Years Old

The Mercaz Ezra Lesius aid society of Jerusalem has just marked the 25th anniversary of its existence.

The society was founded 25 years ago by Mr. and Mrs. Sam Travis, now of Jerusalem and formerly of New York, with the help of immigrants from Germany. It gives interest-free loans, with priority to immigrants. Donations to the society are tax-deductible.

EMERGENCY PHARMACIES

JERUSALEM: Ben Yehuda, 7 Ben Yehuda, 22811.

TEL AVIV: Dr. Colberg, 53 Allenby, 58830; Bograshov, 20 Bograshov, 228899; Mercaz Hazafon, 209 Ben Yehuda, 42529. Yani, 67 Yehuda Halevi, 62474. BAT YAM: Hehalutz 8 Hehalutzim. RAMAT GAN: Hen, 99 Jabotinsky. HERZLIYA: Brin, PETAH TIKVA: Pinsker, 1 Pinsker, 911815. HOLON: Dror, 96 Henkin. REHOVOT: Dr. Levinsky, 170 Herzl, 361091. NATANYA: Trufa. HADERA: Negbi, 74 Hanadel. RAMLA: Rashi, 36 Ibn-Gbirol, 69266.

EMERGENCY PHYSICIANS

JERUSALEM: Dr. Gal, 24 Hashkeyerot, Katamon, 81258. Dr. Herrel, 39 Yafo, 28397. Dr. Katlan, 11 Hapalmach. Dr. Shor, 45 Rashi.

TEL AVIV: Dr. Eisen, 8 Shimshon, 25746. Dr. Garman, 28 Frishman, corner 39 Gyrkin. Dr. Weiss, 60 Dizengoff, 223607. Dr. Mahler, 49 Arlozoroff, 282388. Dr. Simon, 48 Keren Kayemet, 281734. Dr. Ben Aron, 6 Rothstein, 46282. RAMAT GAN: Dr. Hirsenfeld, 3 Stolin.

HAIFA: Dr. Sherman, 3 Hanevi'im.

ISRAEL NATIONAL OPERA
3 Allenby Rd., Tel Aviv, Tel. 67555. Perfs. at 8.30 p.m.
Tuesday, 31/10
"FAUST"
with EUGENE CHEVONJUR from U.S.S.R. (Mephisto) and PAULINE TELLER (Margarethe). Nov. 4, 7, 14

Stalin Mausoleum Shut; K Wants Shrine to Victims

MOSCOW (Reuter).—The Lenin-Stalin Mausoleum in Red Square, where the bodies of Lenin and Stalin lie in state side-by-side, was closed yesterday. It is usually open Sundays.

Policemen in the square told enquirers that the Mausoleum was closed "for repair." The usual two armed guards stood in front of the Mausoleum's closed main entrance. A side door was half-open.

Reliable sources here said on Saturday that students were holding meetings demanding the removal of Stalin's body from the red granite Mausoleum. Their demand followed disclosures about executions and repression during Stalin's 30-year-rule.

Mr. Khrushchev suggested to the 22nd Communist Party Congress in a speech made last Friday, but reported by the Communist Party newspaper "Pravda" only yesterday, putting up a monument in Moscow "to immortalize those comrades who became victims of violence" under Stalin.

"Pravda" reported that Moscow's Communists "unanimously" supported Mr. Khrushchev's suggestion. It quoted Mr. N. G. Yegorychev, Second Secretary of the Party's Moscow City Committee, as telling the Party Congress that city delegates backed the proposal.

He said the monument would be in memory of "outstanding party and state leaders who perished during the time of the cult of Stalin's personality."

"Pravda" said Mr. Yegorychev's remarks won "stormy applause" from Congress delegates.

The paper published long extracts of Mr. Khrushchev's speech in which he indicted Stalin for killing "many innocent people." Many Russians here seem to be shaken and bewildered by the disclosures made during the Congress.

MONUMENT TO MARX

Mr. Khrushchev yesterday unveiled a 20-foot-high monument to Karl Marx, founder of Communist thinking, in Moscow's Sverdlov Square near the famous Bolshoi Theatre.

Soviet leaders, Communist bloc leaders in Moscow for the Communist Party Congress, and other foreign representatives watched the Prime Minister unveil the monument, a bust of Marx atop a granite monolith. It stands on the site where Lenin laid a foundation stone for a projected monument to Marx on May 1, 1920.

Around the base of the monument were four inscriptions:

Workers of the World Unite.

The Teaching of Marx is Mighty because it is True — Lenin.

Marx's name and deeds will live through the ages — Engels.

To Karl Marx by the Communist Party and People of the Soviet Union.

The square is being renamed Marx Prospect. Sculptors cut the memorial from a 220-ton block of granite hauled by rail from the Ukraine during the summer.

Mr. Khrushchev said that the 22nd Party Congress was laying the foundation to another "monument" to Marx, his fellow-theorist Friedrich Engels, and to Lenin — the current party programme. The monument would "always be a symbol of the allegiance of our Party and people to the sacred principles of revolutionary Marxism and proletarian Internationalism," Mr. Khrushchev said.

ZHUKOV AGAINST POLITRUKS

It was reported here yesterday that former Defence Minister Georgi Zhukov, who was sacked after the defeat of the "anti-party group" in 1957, forbade any kind of party criticism of his men.

During his two years as Defence Minister a "dangerous situation" developed, according to General Filip Golikov, Head of the Armed Forces Political Administration, in a speech to the Party Congress.

Zhukov was accused of limiting party workers attached to units to "educational work," and of "slighting and lowering" the role of the chief political administration, which General Golikov at present heads.

General Golikov also said that under Zhukov "scorn, rudeness, violence and intimidation" was used to subordinates. Zhukov propagated his own cult of the personality and embarked on a "Bonapartist" course.

General Golikov's speech was printed yesterday in "Red Star," the Defence Ministry newspaper.

China Helping Nepal Build Highway

HONG KONG (Reuter). — China will grant Nepal economic aid amounting to £3.5m. in the period July, 1962 to June, 1966, according to an agreement between the two countries on the construction of a highway linking Tibet and Katmandu.

The New China News Agency, reporting on the agreement, signed in Peking on October 15, said the aid would be made "without any conditions or privileges attached, for use in constructing the section of the highway which is within Nepalese territory."

The aid would include technical assistance, machines and material as well as the dispatch to Nepal of Chinese technicians and experts.

TWA on Saturday night entered Lydda Airport's "jet club," its inaugural Boeing-707 bringing a group of editors of the Italian national network, and of the Milanese "Corriere della Sera" and Rome's "Giornale d'Italia," and 10 Roman travel agents.

Gov't Guerrillas Shell Laos Town

VIENTIANE, Laos (Reuter). — Five men were yesterday reported killed and three soldiers injured in an outbreak of artillery fire around the leftist headquarters town of Xieng Khouang, Central Laos.

Reports reaching Vientiane, capital of the Government of Prince Boun Oum, said shelling of Xieng Khouang started on Friday. There was more firing on Saturday, mostly from positions in the town held by left-wing and neutralist forces under Captain Kong Le.

Observers here thought Friday's attack was launched by government guerrillas of the Meo tribe who have, in the past month, mined and ambushed roads between Xieng Khouang and the strategic Plain of Jars. Informed sources said right-wing and left-wing forces had been carrying out "mopping up" operations in the Xieng Khouang area.

The new China News Agency reported from Hanoi, North Vietnam, that the neutralist leader Prince Souvanna Phouma had cabled the International Commission for Laos saying six children had been killed in the Xieng Khouang attack.

The cable said the bombardment was carried out by right-wing forces air-dropped in the area.

I'm No Neutral, Declares U Thant

UNITED NATIONS (Reuter). — U Thant, of Burma, the man thought most likely to succeed Dag Hammarskjold as U.N. Secretary-General, yesterday said he was "not neutral on most of the issues before the U.N."

He added in a pre-recorded television interview that impartiality, not necessarily neutrality, was required of the Secretary-General. "No knowledgeable person" could be neutral on important cold war issues. "He must have his own views one way or the other."

U Thant said he thought Mr. Hammarskjold had perhaps "consciously or unconsciously developed his office beyond the stipulations of the Charter," but his "sole motivation" had been to make the U.N. a really effective force for peace.

"So with this in mind, he had evolved the U.N. in a pattern which is regarded by most small countries, including my country, as going in the right direction, because we all feel that the U.N. is the only hope for mankind."

LAW REPORT

THE JERUSALEM POST
October 30, 1961

In the Supreme Court Sitting as High Court of Justice

Before the President (Justice Olshan), Justices Agranat and Sussman

Shmuel Peretz, Petitioner, v. Director of Purchase Tax, Respondent (H.C. 31/61).

Purchase Tax Payable On Components

The High Court discharged an order nisi calling upon the Director of Purchase Tax to show why he should not refrain from demanding purchase tax for plastic discs used by the petitioner in the manufacture of buttons.

Mr. Shmuel Peretz, the petitioner, is a manufacturer of buttons, which are exempt from purchase tax. In the process of manufacture he first makes plastic discs from which the buttons are eventually cut. According to the Minister of Finance's regulations and orders purchase tax is payable on plastic discs. The Director of Purchase Tax therefore demanded that Mr. Peretz pay purchase tax on the discs he manufactures for his buttons. The latter objected, arguing that he did not manufacture or sell the plastic discs within the meaning of the Purchase Tax Law.

When Mr. Peretz received an order nisi from the High Court, the Director of Purchase Tax argued that the plastic discs were being used "for commercial purposes," as defined in section 1 of the Purchase Tax (Amendment) Law, 1958, and that "use for commercial purposes" comes within the meaning of "sale" in this same section, so that purchase tax is payable on the discs. Sale is defined in the Purchase Tax Law, as amended in 1958, as including "use for commercial purposes"; while "use for commercial purposes" is defined as meaning "the use of the goods for any purpose whatsoever, including his own requirements, by a person holding possession thereof, or of goods similar thereto for purposes of business; and use by the manufacturer or wholesaler of the goods for purposes of his retail business."

According to section 2(a) of the Law "purchase tax shall be levied on the import and sale of a goods chargeable with tax."

Mr. A. Spaer appeared for the petitioner and Mr. Z. Terlo, Deputy State Attorney, for the respondent.

Judgment

The decision of the High Court was delivered in two separate judgments.

The President, who delivered the first judgment, reviewed all existing precedents on the question of the payability of purchase tax on components of manufactured goods, distinguishing them from the case under consideration.

In the present case, he held, the first question to be answered is whether plastic discs are taxable at all. Having held the reply to be in the affirmative, he went on to consider whether the use to which the petitioner puts the plastic discs he manufactures would exempt them from purchase tax. In holding the reply to this question to be in the negative, he pointed out that the petitioner most certainly uses the plastic discs for commercial purposes — that is in his business of manufacturing and selling buttons. In short, he held, after discussing Mr. Spaer's arguments in detail, the petitioner's use of the plastic discs which he makes comes within the definition of "sale" in the Purchase Tax Law and purchase tax is therefore payable on them.

Justice Agranat

Justice Agranat said that the only issue at stake was whether the use to which the petitioner puts his plastic discs comes within the definition of "use for commercial purposes."

In order to come within this definition, he continued, two conditions are necessary: the goods must be held for purposes of business; and they must be used for any purpose whatsoever. In order that the first condition be fulfilled, he held, the ultimate purpose for which the goods are being held must be a business one; and for the second condition to be fulfilled, the goods as such may be used for any purpose whatsoever, not necessarily commercial or business, as long as they are not used in a purely temporary capacity (as, for example, a chair in a furniture factory being used to seat a customer).

In the case under consideration, he held, there is no escaping the fact that the plastic discs manufactured by the petitioner are destined to be used for business purposes — in his business of manufacturing buttons. Furthermore, the use to which they are destined to be put is most certainly not a temporary one. Both conditions contained in the definition of "use for commercial purposes" have therefore been fulfilled and the discs are consequently taxable.

Justice Sussman concurred with both the President and Justice Agranat.

The order nisi was discharged with IL100 costs. Judgment given on October 9, 1961.

IT'S THE LAW

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JERUSALEM

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• Drink & Dance:— Suramello's Cellar isn't far. Look for it tonight.

• Tours: — Hebrew University Conducted tour in English, 11 a.m. daily. Downstairs Lobby, Wise Auditorium, University Campus.

Yad Vashem: Martyrs and Heroes Remembrance Authority, Har Hazikaron — Visits to the Memorial Shrine (Ohel Yizkor) and to the exhibition entitled "Warning and Witness," 8-3.

Hadassah Tour daily at 9 a.m., from the Straus Health Centre, Straus St., Jerusalem. Book for this tour by phoning 24061. Charge: IL2.00 per person to cover cost of transport.

• New Israel Films :— Daily showing, Keren Hayesod Hall, 12 noon to 1 p.m.

• Exhibitions : — Artists' House, paintings by Moshe Berenstein, 10-1, 4-6.

Jerusalem Art Gallery, 6 Rehov David Hamelech. 10 a.m.-1; 4-8 p.m.

Rina Gallery, 13 Rehov Shlomzion Hamalka, Tel. 23523, Autumn Exhibition. Daily 9-1, 4-7. Friday, 9-2. Sat., 6-10 p.m.

Archaeological Museum, Department of Antiquities. 25 Rehov Shlomo Hamelech. Gold Treasure from Caesarea Pontius Pilate inscription from Caesarea. Exhibit of the month: Statue of Ephesian Artemis from Caesarea, 9-1; 3-5.

Bezalel National Museum Permanent exhibition of Jewish Ceremonial Art, Archaeological objects. "Who was Van Gogh?" (made available by the Netherlands Ministry of Education, Arts and Sciences): 17th and 18th century Italian paintings (from the Museum's collection). City views from the 17th—20th century (prints from the Museum's collection). Emil Nolde—water-colours and prints, (including loans from the Schocken collection), 9-1, 2.30-5. Bezalel Art Library. Ornaments in African Textiles. New acquisitions. 9-2.30.

"Israel Today", permanent exhibition, Binyanei Ha'ooma, 10-1, 4-6.

TEL AVIV

• Theatre:— Habimah: "Mrs. Warren's Profession", 8.30.

Ohel: "Haketuba", 8.30.

Little English Theatre: "Blithe Spirit", Z.O.A. House, 8.30.

• Visitors' Forum:— Z.O.A. House, 8.30.

• Dine and Dance: — Casba Bar-Restaurant, 22 Rehov Yirmiyahu, International Cuisine, Lunch IL5. Aperitif, Dinner Dance. Tel. 42617. Open from 12 p.m. to 2 a.m. Fully air-conditioned.

Delphin Bar, 16 Shalom Aleichem; exquisite cuisine. Dancing nightly. Recommended to Tourists. Tel. 22973.

Adria Night Club, 101 Dizengoff Passage, Tel. 81343, New International Show.

• Tourist Service:— Wizo Club, 91 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel. 26825. 8 a.m. — 2 p.m.

• Zoological Gardens :— Open 8 a.m.-6 p.m. daily.

• Exhibitions : — Ancient Glass, Museum Ha'aretz, daily, 10-5.

"Yehudit" Art Gallery, 220 Rehov Ben Yehuda: Israel Sculptors & Painters, Daily 10-1, 5-8.

Tel Aviv Museum: Rubinstein Pavilion, Tarsat Blvd. Lesser Ury (1861-1961), Memorial Exhibition, opening at 5.30 p.m. Hours: 10-1, 4-7. Friday: 10-1. Saturday: 6-10 p.m.

Dizengoff House, 16 Rothschild Blvd.—Selection from the Museum's permanent collections: Classical, Modern and Israel Art, 10-1, 4-7.

HAIFA

• Exhibitions: — Development of the oil lamp from the time of the Patriarchs to the Islamic Period. Museum of Ancient Art, Town Tall. Open daily 10-1.

Autumn exhibition, Works by members of the Painters and Sculptors Association, Haifa and the North Artists' House, 24 U.N.O. Av., 10-1, 4-7.

Museum of Japanese Art, 89 Sderot Hanassi, Mt. Carmel, by public request, re-display of Museum's best items as shown in the "Opening Exhibition," 10-1, 4-7.

BEERSHEBA

For good food, service and fun, follow the sun south to Eshel House, Restaurant, Bar & Hotel, 201 Rehov Keren Kayemet.

REHOVOT

• Theatre :— Habimah: "Gigi".

CINEMAS

JERUSALEM

ARNON: The Last Days of Pompeii
CHEN: Les Laches Vivent d'Espoir
EDEN: Battleground
EDISON: Gold Club
JERUSALEM: Solomon and Sheba
HABIMAH: The Last Sunset
OR GIL: This Rebel Breed
ORION: Can-Can
ORNA: Honeymoon
RON: The Guns of Navarone
SEMADAR: The Savage Innocents
STUDIO: Never on Sunday
TEL OR: Qui etes-vous Mr. Sorge
ZION HALL: Stalag 17

TEL AVIV

ALLENBY: All in a Night's Work
ARMON DAVID: Lola
BEN YEHUDA: Thirst
CHEN: Saturday Night and Sunday Morning
EDEN: Spring of Love
ESTHER: Interrupted Melody
GAT: Lesson in Love
HOD: Goodbye Again
MAXIM: Bottoms Up
MIGDALOR: Go Naked in the World
MOGRABI: The Guns of Navarone
OPHIR: David and Goliath
ORION: Strangers on a Train
PARIS: Their Secret Affair
PEER: Naked as Born
SHDEROTH: La Ciociara
TAMAR: Boulevard
TCHELET: Romanoff and Juliet
TEL AVIV: The Mark
YARON: Candido
ZAFON: Exodus
ZAMIR: Three Moves to Freedom
RAMAT GAN: South Pacific

HAIFA

AMPHITHEATRE: Return to Peyton Place
ARMON: Amerika by Night
ATZMON: All the Fine Young Cannibals
CHEN: Jeux de l'Amour
EN DOR: Tarzan's Greatest Adventure
GAL OR: Oklahoma Territory
HOD: Woman in a Dressing Gown
MAY: The World of Suzie Wong
MIRON: School for Scoundrels
MORIAH: Carry On Regardless
ORAH: A Breath of Scandal
ORION: Le fauve est lache
ORLY: A Cold Wind in August
PEER: Beauty Came from Paradise
RON: Porgy and Bess
TAMAR: Tunes of Glory

ON THE AIR

FIRST PROGRAMME
520, 736.4, 240, 230 M.

News: Hebrew: 6.05, 7.00 and 7.55 a.m. 1.30, 5.00, 7.00, 9.00 and 11.00 p.m.

6.00 a.m. Religious Service. 6.10 Musical Clock. 6.30 Exercises. 6.40 Musical Clock. 6.58 Announcements. 7.17 Morning Melodies. 8.00 Close Down.

11.00 Announcements. 11.01 Popular Concert: Mozart: "Les Petits Riens"; Handel: Farabande and Aria; Haydn: Symphony No. 85 in B-flat major ("The Queen.") (Conductor: Paul Sacher). Donizetti: Overture "The Daughter of the Regiment" 12.00 Women's Programme. 12.30 Hebrew Songs. 12.45 Lunchtime Music. 1.30 Message to immigrants. 1.45 Where to Go? 2.00 Close Down.

4.59 Opening. 5.00 Announcements. 5.06 Torah Lesson. 5.25 "The Violin" — Series of Programmes on its History and Development produced by David Lein-Hen. 6.15 Weekly French Lesson. 6.30 Youth Corner. 6.37 Daily News Service for the Agriculturalist. 7.20 "The Week at the Cinema." 7.50 New Records of Classical Music. 8.20 Today's Events. 8.50 Bible Reading: Samuel 1, chaps. 11 & 12. 9.10 Newsreel. 9.30 "Curtain Up." 10.00 "A Moment of Poetry." 10.32 Guest Artists — Father Glazer-Hoffman (Violin)—U.S.A. Bach: Partita in B-minor for Unaccompanied Violin; Kreisler: Recitative and Scherzo-Caprice for Unaccompanied Violin. 11.10 Close Down.

SECOND PROGRAMME
468, 422.5 & 202.7 M.

News: English: 1.00 p.m. French: 1.48 p.m.

Commercial Programme

3.59 p.m. Opening. 4.00 Programme for Tourists, presented by Y. Lev. 4.55 News in Swedish. 5.00 News. 5.05 Tunes and Melodies. 5.30 "Majority Opinion" — ed. by H. Yavin. 5.56 Tunes & Melody. 6.00 "From the Newsroom." 6.02 New records. 6.16 Hebrew Songs. 6.30 The Week's Artist. 6.36 South American Music. 6.57 Stock Market. 6.59 Close Down.

9.30 Opening. 9.31 Hit Parade. 10.00 From the Newsroom. 10.02 Baton Up. 10.32 Quiet Music. 11.30 Close Down.

IMMIGRANTS' HOURS:

7.00 Popular Hebrew. 7.45 Rumanian. 8.00 Yiddish. 8.30 Ladino. 9.00 News in English. 9.35 News in French.

ARABIC PROGRAMME

Arabic Programme (including News): 6.30-7.15 a.m. 1.30-2.15, 5.25-11.15 p.m.

KOL YISRAEL LAGOLA (33.3 M.): Programme to the U.K. 10.15 News. 10.25 In the Jewish World. 10.35 Music. 10.44 News Headlines & Close Down.

Programme to South Africa: 6.30 In the Jewish World. 6.40 Music. 6.50 News. 7.00 Close Down.

ARMY PROGRAMME
(216, 225 and 235 M.):

6.00 Opening. 6.09 Requests. 6.40 Star of the Evening. 6.48 Announcements. 7.00 News. 7.10 Hebrew Songs. 7.45 Requests for Clasical Music: Works by Beethoven. 8.30 Army Diary. 9.00 News. 9.15 "Merry Rhythm." 9.30 "A Matter of Luck" — Songs Programme. 10.00 Evening Tunes. 10.27 The Day's Chapter by Prof. Meltzer. 10.30 Close Down.

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The Company reserves the right not to accept the highest offer or any offer whatsoever.
M. NAMIR, Mayor, Chairman of the Company.

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TENDER NO. 47/61
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Building for exhibits of foods, household ware, paper, packaging, etc.
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Today's Postbag

The Weather

Forecast: Partly cloudy to cloudy; light local showers.

Weather Synopsis: A cold front slowly moving towards the Levant shores.

	A	B	C
Nazareth	41	15—22	15—21
Tiberias	35	16—29	15—27
Beisan	32	13—29	14—27
Haifa Port	51	16—25	16—24
Tel Aviv Kirya	41	15—25	17—24
Tel Aviv Port	50	16—24	16—24
Lydda Airport	42	13—26	13—25
Jerusalem	26	13—20	13—19
Beersheba	25	16—25	15—25
Eilat	33	15—28	16—28
Afula	31	15—26	13—25

A) Humidity at 8 p.m. B) Yesterday's Temperature range. C) Today's Temperature forecast.

ARRIVALS

Mr. Theodore R. Racoosin, member of the Board of Governors of the Weizmann Institute and Chairman of the Executive of the American Committee for the Weizmann Institute, on Institute affairs.

Dr. W. Low, Professor of Experimental Physics at the Hebrew University, from a visit to Japan and India where he lectured at universities and research institutions and at an international physics conference held in Kyoto.

Mrs. Maica Weinberg-Shalit, of the World Wizo Executive, from a mission to Sweden, Finland and France.

Rabbi S. Prero, Director of Bar Ilan University's New York office, for consultations (by El Al).

DEPARTURES

Mr. Leon Ilutovich, Assistant Executive Director of the Zionist Organization of America, to New York (by El Al).

The Jerusalem District Representative, Mr. S.B. Yeshaya, on a fortnight's mission to West Africa for the Foreign Ministry.

AN EXHIBITION of works and letters by Rabbi Zvi Kalischer, a forerunner of modern Zionism, has opened at the Central Zionist Archives in Jerusalem on the occasion of the 100th anniversary of the publication of Rabbi Kalischer's basic Zionist work, "Drishat Zion."

* * *

A SPECIAL postmark, "World Jewish Congress — British Jewry Day in Israel," will be used at the Jerusalem, Jaffa, and Haifa post offices next Sunday, November 5. Interested collectors are asked to forward envelopes for franking before that date.

* * *

A SKULL of a man was discovered near the Ashkelon Beach on Saturday, and was handed over to the police. Other parts of the body were found in a closer investigation of the area.

* * *

THE TEL AVIV Betar boxing team will meet at a Selected of the British armed forces stationed in Cyprus in a tournament here and in a return tournament in Cyprus this winter, Mr. Avraham Drori, Herut M.K., reported on his return from Cyprus yesterday where he arranged the tournament.

MAYOR OF PARIS HERE ON VISIT

LYDDA AIRPORT. — M. Paul Minot, the Mayor of Paris, and Mme. Minot, arrived by Air France last night for a week's visit as guests of the Government.

They were received at the airport by the Mayor of Jerusalem, Mr. Mordecai Ish-Shalom, and Foreign Ministry officials. They proceeded directly to Jerusalem where they spent the night at the King David Hotel.

Army Training Chief Made Aluf

TEL AVIV. — The head of the Training Department of the General Staff, Zvi Zamir, has been raised to the rank of Aluf, the Army spokesman announced yesterday. He was an Aluf-Mishne.

Aluf Zamir was born in Poland in 1925 and educated in Tel Aviv. In 1942, he joined the Palmach. In the War of Independence, he was commander of the Sixth Battalion, and active in escorting Jerusalem-bound convoys. After the war he was instructor in battalion commanders' courses.

In 1951, he became Commander of the Givati Brigade, and in 1953 studied at a British officers course in the U.K. In the Sinai campaign, he commanded a brigade, and in 1957 took leave to study at the Hebrew University. He returned to the Army in 1960, when he was appointed to his present post.

Aluf Zamir is married and father of two children.

UNESCO Experts Recommend Non-Commercial T.V. Here

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Non-commercial television should be introduced in Israel as soon as possible. This is stated in a report submitted by two UNESCO experts, Dr. Henry R. Cassirer and Mr. T. S. Duckmanton, who visited Israel this spring.

Details of the report were released to the press yesterday afternoon (the report was submitted to Cabinet Ministers a few days ago) by Mr. Abba Eban, Minister of Education and Culture, who yesterday discussed certain aspects of it at the Cabinet session.

Mr. T. Kollek, Director-General of the Prime Minister's Office, said at the press conference that the television network could be set up two years after the Cabinet gave its final approval. He warned, however, that "it will not be an easy decision for the Cabinet to take. Introducing television will cost millions, and although it would eventually be repaid by licence fees and purchase taxes on sets, it would still mean diverting a considerable part of the nation's resources."

Educational Aspects

But he, Mr. Eban, Mr. Hanoch Givton, head of Kol Yisrael, and Dr. Moshe Avidor, Director-General of the Jewish Agency, who was appointed yesterday by Mr. Eban to head a 14-man Council to study the UNESCO report and submit its findings within six weeks, stressed the educational aspects of television. (Dr. Avidor is head of the Israel Council for UNESCO).

This is also emphasized by the UNESCO report which proposes that no commercial television should be allowed, for it soon degenerates into the "cheapest of cheap" types of entertainment. The report envisages 23 hours of broadcasting time a week, including Saturdays. Of this, about two-thirds will be locally produced programmes, and the rest imported from abroad.

Group television receivers — there are 20,000 potential groups, ranging from schools to kibbutzim — are to be favoured over individual sets.

As for financing the television network, the report states that the sale of 20,000 sets would bring in IL7.5m. in taxes in 12 to 18 months. Installing the sets would cost about IL5.5m., and a IL50 annual licence fee on 58,000 sets would bring in IL2,850,000. Annual cost of broadcasts should be about IL2,846,000.

IL1,000 a Set

Each set would cost upwards of IL1,000, plus the cost of installation and of erecting an antenna.

Transmitter stations would be set up in the Judean Hills (probably at Eitanim), on Mt. Carmel and in Safad, with relay systems transferring the broadcasts to Beersheba and Eilat. Studios would be established in Tel Aviv and Jerusalem. They would be manned by a staff of 226 persons.

All the speakers at the press conference, in addition to the educational advantages, emphasized the great cultural benefits television would bring to development areas.

Israel has already been awarded several channels at the recent international telecommunications conference in Stockholm.

There are about 500 television receivers today in Israel, but only about 100 are actually in operation.

Hebrew U. Opens Academic Year with 8,000 Students

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The current academic year at the Hebrew University — whose enrollment this year is almost 8,000 students — opened yesterday afternoon at the Wise Auditorium on the University Campus in Jerusalem.

In his opening address, Dr. Giulio Racah, Rector of the University, reviewed the growth of the University, and paid special tribute to Professor B. Mazar, former President, for his strenuous efforts during the past 8½ years in "rebuilding the University" at its present site.

Turning to the incoming class of students, who filled the Wise Auditorium, he noted that they should set as their target the "development of independent thought and self-criticism," two disciplines which every good instructor, paradoxically, must teach his students.

Mr. Abba Eban, Minister of Culture and Education, deplored the tendency to stress "practical" disciplines over theoretical and philosophical ones. But the latter were of the highest importance, if the great technological advances were to benefit mankind.

Turning to the need for teachers in secondary education, he told the students that they should consider such a career a "pioneering" role.

Critical of Seker

Dr. Y. Prawer, Dean of the Faculty of Humanities, was sharply critical of the *seker* (high school graded fees examination) which he said, was becoming another matriculation examination, measuring past performance, not future potentialities. He noted that 45 per cent of the students who entered secondary schools did not graduate. This constituted a great waste of manpower, effort and money.

Dr. George Wise, Chairman of the Board of Governors, also spoke.

According to figures released yesterday by the University, about 1,500 of the 8,000 students study in the Tel Aviv branch of the University. Studies begin there today as well.

There are 300 foreign students. Of these, about 280 (34 of them non-Jews) have enrolled for the first time this year.

Graded Fee School Tests Changed

Extensive changes have been introduced into this year's test exams, beginning tomorrow, for eighth graders, which will form part of the basis for determining allocations of graded fees to high school freshman next year.

The exams, which will be held in two parts will this year include only two subjects, Hebrew and mathematics, instead of eight as before.

These two subjects were chosen after investigations showed that performance in them was the most reliable in forecasting students' future performance in high school. It was also felt that reducing the number of subjects would appreciably reduce the tension under which eighth grade pupils laboured in preparing themselves for the exam.

The other major innovation is that the Ministry will put greater store than formerly by the recommendations of the school in determining graded fees. Hitherto the test results and the school's recommendations were equal in importance. From now on the school's report will count for more.

The recommendation will also include the results of tomorrow's test, which will be an essay on a Biblical subject, and which will be marked by the school Bible teachers and their principals.

The second part of the test will be held next month.

Arab Refugee Debate Put Off Again

POST Knesset Reporter

The debate on the Arab refugee question, which had been expected to take place this week, has been put off. It is understood that the postponement was made at the request of the Government, which prefers that it take place after a new coalition is formed.

The holding of the debate was decided on three weeks ago, after the Prime Minister agreed to a motion for the agenda by Mr. Haim Landau (Herut). Mr. Ben-Gurion suggested at the time that the debate be held immediately upon Mrs. Meir's return from abroad.

Yesterday, the Cabinet approved Mrs. Meir's reply to motions for the agenda dealing with the Soviet threat to explode a 50-megaton bomb. However, these motions will not be heard today either.

Last week, Dr. Yohanan Bader (Herut) submitted a motion for the agenda calling upon the Knesset to urge all the parliaments of the world to appeal to the Soviet Union not to explode the bomb. Since then, Dr. Hanan Rubin (Mapam) and Dr. Sneh (Communist) have submitted their own motions on the subject, but they will no doubt approach it from a different angle.

Last Wednesday, two days after Mrs. Meir's return from the U.N., she met Dr. Bader in an apparent effort to persuade him to withdraw his motion.

Israel to Play Italy On a Saturday

POST Political Reporter

The Italy versus Israel World Cup soccer match will take place next Saturday in Turin as scheduled. The Cabinet resolved yesterday that it could not intervene in the activities of the Israel Football Association which was not a government body.

While rejecting a proposal by the Minister of Social Welfare, Dr. Yosef Burg, to approach the Football Association to postpone the game most Ministers, expressed misgivings that the Israel national team would be playing on the Sabbath. The Ministers also expressed the view that all steps should be taken to prevent a recurrence of a Sabbath soccer match.

It was decided at the same time that the Minister of Education and Culture, Mr. Abba Eban, whose Ministry is in charge of the Sports Authority, should inquire to what extent the Football Association was responsible for the decision to hold the game on a Saturday.

The Israel Ambassador in Rome, Mr. Maurice Fischer, who made last-minute efforts to persuade the Italian Football Association to postpone the game, will not attend the match, Foreign Minister Golda Meir, told the Cabinet.

The Six Greek crew-members of the Lebanese trawler, sunk in a collision with an Israel destroyer, offer a thanksgiving service at the Greek Orthodox Church in Haifa.

Greek Crew Tells Story Of Collision with Destroyer

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. — The six Greek crew members of the Lebanese trawler Sanina, which was sunk in a collision with a Navy destroyer on Thursday, were yesterday questioned on the incident by the Greek Consul, Mr. E. Zinovios.

The men who were rescued by the destroyer, issued sworn statements of the circumstances of the collision.

The Consul also talked to their skipper, Kostas Apostolis, who is in the Carmel Hospital for treatment of a broken thigh, suffered during the collision. His condition has improved, and he is now fully conscious.

Mr. Zinovios told *The Jerusalem Post* that he would forward the statements to the Greek Ministry of the Marine and the Foreign Office, as well as to the Greek Consul-General in Jerusalem. It is expected that the naval investigation committee, appointed by the Commander of the Navy, will question the men in the presence of the Consul today. They will then be repatriated, probably before the end of the week.

According to the Greek seamen, when the destroyer drew alongside, the captain went to his cabin to bring the ship's papers for the destroyer's inspection. Then the accident occurred.

The seamen claim that their boat was "cut in two in the middle as by a knife."

The men jumped off into the sea and called out "We're Greeks" and crossed themselves to demonstrate their Christianity. The destroyer then lowered a boat and rescued them, they said.

Leaders of African Christian Church Arrive for Visit

LYDDA AIRPORT. — M. Joseph Diangienda, spiritual leader of the several million members of the Church of Christ on Earth by the Prophet Simon Kimbangu, was due to arrive from Belgium yesterday.

Accompanying him are two Priests of the faith, his private secretary, and two other escorts for a visit as guests of the Foreign and Religious Affairs Ministries. The church's membership is located chiefly in the two Congo Republics, Rhodesia and Angola.

M. Diangienda, son of the Prophet Simon, is also brother of the Labour Minister in the Leopoldville Central Government.

'New Jerusalem'

The Church was founded and is centred at Nkamba, the Prophet Simon's birthplace, which he designated as "The New Jerusalem." The Prophet Simon, who was educated in a Baptist mission school, declared himself Prophet in 1921 and started to draw disciples. The Church met with the violent opposition of Catholic and Protestant missionaries, who accused him of inciting to revolt against the Belgian colonial authorities. He was arrested and sentenced to death, but the sentence was commuted to life imprisonment and he died in prison in 1951.

One of the cardinal tenets of the Kimbanguist Church — as the religion is also known — is love of fellow man regardless of race or creed. Kimbanguists do not eat pork and observe strict monogamy.

Sen. Symington Arrives for Tour

Senator Stuart Symington (Dem., Missouri), arrived in Israel yesterday at noon through Mandelbaum Gate. The Senator was accompanied by Mrs. Symington.

Sen. Symington, who is a member of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee and chairman of its subcommittee on the Middle East, conferred in the afternoon with the Foreign Minister, Mrs. Golda Meir.

In the evening the Senator and Mrs. Symington were guests at a dinner offered by Mrs. Meir.

Earlier Senator and Mrs. Symington were guests at a luncheon given in their honour by Mr. Abba Eban, the Minister of Education, and Mrs. Eban. Also present were the Finance Minister, and Supreme Court Justice Moshe Landau and Mrs. Landau.

Histadrut to Up Membership Fees

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — A fair proportion of the three quarters of a million Histadrut members will soon pay higher membership fees according to a draft proposal put before the Histadrut Central Committee yesterday by Histadrut Treasurer Yehoshua Levi.

The "ceiling" of taxable salaries will be pushed from IL265 to IL420. Until now members whose salaries were as high as IL1,000 a month bracket still paid five per cent fees according to the IL265 estimate.

Mr. Levi announced that members who earn up to IL100 will not pay more. Those earning between IL100 and IL265 a month will not pay higher membership fees but from 21 ag to IL1.49 extra for Kupat Holim services.

The Treasurer, in noticing that fees had remained unchanged since 1957, explained that the 75 per cent of the increased income would be earmarked for Kupat Holim.

Mediation for Yossele's Return Breaks Down

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Negotiations between Reb Nahman Shtarkes and the parents of Yossele Schuhmacher, his grandchild, broke down yesterday morning.

Reb Nahman refused to leave Ramle Prison to attend the talks presided over by Rabbi Yedidyah Fraenkel, of Tel Aviv. When the plainclothed policemen came to fetch him, the old man said: "I'm not leaving here just for a few hours. I want to be completely free."

(The 9-year-old boy disappeared nearly two years ago while in his grandfather's care. Mr. Shtarkes said that he had sequestered him to save him from a godless life with his parents and was sent to jail by the Supreme Court till he produces the boy again.)

Yossele's parents had signed an agreement that they would abide by any decision Rabbi Fraenkel might make which did not clash with judgments of the Supreme Court on the affair.

Shtarkes Brit Mila In London Jail

LONDON (Ruter). — Mr. Shalom Shtarkes, 22, uncle of the missing Yossele Schuhmacher, yesterday saw saw his eight-day-old son circumcized in a hospital ward of London's Brixton Prison, son where he is being held on remand pending the outcome of extradition proceedings against him by Israel.

Dr. Solomon Schoenfeld, Presiding Rabbi of the Union of Orthodox Synagogues, officiated at the 15-minute ceremony — which is believed to be the first *Brit Mila* rite to be held in a British prison.

More than 50 persons were present, including the mother. The boy was named Israel Kalman, after his mother's father.

Fluoroscopes Ordered Out of Shoe Stores

Fluoroscopes used in fitting children's shoes, have been ordered removed from all shoe stores by the Ministry of Health on the basis of a recommendation received from the World Health Organization.

The organization has found that radiation escaping from the fluoroscopes were a source of potential danger to young boys, who might be made sterile if exposed frequently.

The Ministry has instructed all its district physicians to see to it that the machines are removed from the stores.

Electric Corporation Staff Votes Today

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Approximately 2,600 employees of the Southern Division of the Electric Corporation will today elect a 31-member Union Council.

The date of the election was advanced following serious labour trouble earlier this year, when the Mapai-controlled Council lost control over its constituents, who in turn launched a series of wildcat strikes.

Yaffa Ajami Accused of Slander

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — A complaint of slander has been lodged with the police against Yaffa Ajami, the 19-year-old unmarried mother now out on bail after being charged with kidnapping her four-month-old child.

Mrs. Berta Caspi the welfare officer in whose care Yaffa had been, alleges that Yaffa accused her of accepting a bribe from her (Yaffa's) father. The alleged slander occurred in the Magistrate's Court here on Thursday, when Yaffa was arraigned on the kidnapping charge.

Mrs. Caspi told *The Jerusalem Post* last night that Yaffa's child was committed to the care of the Ministry of Welfare because of the unsatisfactory impression that Yaffa — who is Jewish — and her 22-year-old Moslem companion, Abdul Rahom Majdaleh, had made on the judge. During the hearing, Mrs. Caspi claimed, Yaffa had testified that she had not wanted the child, that Abdul beat her and had thrown her out of their home several times, and now forced her to demand the return of the child.

The welfare officer said she testified that Yaffa was "unstable," and that this opinion was based on psychiatric reports.

She also declared that when Yaffa placed the child in the home it had been for an unspecified period, and that at that time she had not wanted him back at all. She had not visited him during the first two months, she said.

'Hank' Greenspun Pardoned by JFK

LAS VEGAS, Nevada (INA). — President Kennedy has granted a full and unconditional pardon to Mr. Herman M. ("Hank") Greenspun, publisher of the "Las Vegas Sun," convicted in 1950 of violating the Neutrality Act by shipping arms to Israel.

The announcement came in a letter to the Editor of the "Sun," signed by Mr. Reed Conard, Pardon Attorney for the U.S. Department of Justice.

Mr. Greenspun, 51, was tried twice in 1950 after being indicted in 1949 by a Federal Grand Jury in Los Angeles. The first charge involved transfer of an aircraft to Israel and Mr. Greenspun was cleared.

On the second charge, involving transportation of machineguns, ammunition, and other instruments of war aboard the ship Idalia from Mexico to Israel, Mr. Greenspun was convicted. He was fined $10,000 and deprived of his civil rights, including the right to vote.

The full pardon ends a long-standing fight by friends on behalf of Mr. Greenspun, after former President Eisenhower turned down previous pleas.

EBAN TO LECTURE U.K. INTERFAITH GROUP

LONDON. — Education Minister Abba Eban will deliver the eighth Robert Waley Cohen Memorial Lecture in London on November 16 under the auspices of the Council of Christians and Jews. Mr. Eban will speak on "The Final Solution — Reflections on the Jewish Tragedy."

Anti-Nuclear Testing Rally Fails for Lack of Permit

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — A demonstration planned for yesterday outside the USSR and U.S. Embassies to protest the renewal of nuclear tests fizzled out after police refused to authorize them.

Instead, they became a police demonstration, as large numbers of mounted and foot police diverted normal traffic, patrolled the approaches of the embassies, and allowed no one within several hundred metres of the U.S.S.R. Embassy gates.

The abortive demonstrations were called by The Public Committee Against Nuclear Tests, said to have been formed spontaneously by a group of intellectuals. Its members include Martin Buber, E. E. Urbach, Hugo Bergmann, Elisheva Goldschmidt, Lea Goldberg, Ya'acov Talmon, E. Simon, Natan Rottenstreich.

Mr. Moshe Shamir, the writer, carried a typewritten petition to within 100 metres of the U.S.S.R. Embassy, where a police officer took it into the building.

A clerk at the Embassy told the officer he was not authorized to accept the six-point petition or a five-man delegation which asked to meet with the USSR Ambassador, as it was Sunday and the embassy staff not working. In any case, the Ambassador was not in the building, he said, and suggested they return today.

Mr. Shamir said it was "scandalous" that police authorization had not been given to the demonstration, which was obviously intended as a quiet protest against nuclear testing.

The petition called on the USSR not to explode the 50-megaton bomb which it plans to test today, and on leaders of both East and West blocs to stop their nuclear race, on the U.S. to stop the arming of West Germany with nuclear weapons, and on scientists of both blocs to stop production and testing of atomic devices.

Opposite the U.S. Embassy, a handful of persons set up two small placards in Hebrew stating "Kennedy: Don't Follow Nikita" and "Don't Put Atomic Weapons into German Hands."

The Tel Aviv District Police spokesman told *The Jerusalem Post* that authorization for the demonstration was requested only at eleven o'clock yesterday morning. He said that the police suggested the demonstration be called for another day, as it was administratively impossible to grant a permit on such short notice.

The Israel section of the Women's League for Peace and Freedom yesterday cabled Mme. Nina Khrushchev imploring her "as a woman and a mother, to use your good offices with your husband to spare the world and future generations the horrors of atomic explosions..."

DAILY STOCK MARKET quotations may now be obtained by phone, as a Bank Leumi service, by calling 24636 in Tel Aviv from 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

Tel Aviv Stock Market

	26/10	29/10
$ LINKED		
3½% Tavel Dollar	98½	98½
3½% Zmudot Dollar	91½	91½
4½% Defence Loan	106½	106½
4½% Hous. Loan B	103½	103½
6½% Local Author.	107½	106½
6 % Keren Hay. III	103½	103½
6½% Pal. Elect. 57/64	112	110½
6 % Fert. and Chem	102½	100½
5 % Nat. Oil Co.	94½	94½
C.O.L. LINKED		
4½% Def. Loan	115½	113½
4½% Hous. Loan "A"	110½	110½
6½% Local Author.	114	114
6 % Keren Hay. III	113½	110
6½% Pal. Elect. 57/64	121½	130½
50%/50% C.O.L. LINKED		
5 % Pal. Elect.	101	101½
6 % Ind. Dev. B'k.	102½	102½
6 % B'k. Leumi Inv	103½	103½
ORD. SHARES		
Isr. Elec. Ord. Sto	507	507
Otzar Hit. reg.	351½	351½
Gen. Mort. new	224	223
B'k. Leumi "A" or	339½	335
Develop. Bank	140	141½
Afr. Pal. Invest.	223½	221½
ILDC 1960	262	262
Rassco Pref.	152	152
Ata Textile	161	161
Dubek	116½	116
Fert. & Chem.	110½	109½
Pal. Cold Storage	199	195½
Pal. Potash	480	480
Teva	176	176
Phoenicia	109½	110½
Paper Mills	133½	134½
Assia & Bej. Bros	244	245½
Sheman	97	97½
Delek 11/12	312½	312½
Jordan Explor.	74	74
Ellern Invest.	296½	295
B'k. Leumi Invest	273½	272
Moller Textile	130	131½
Nehushtan	128	128
Argaman	115½	115½
Lewin-Epstein 8% Pref.		
"B" ord. shares	104½	105½
PREF. SHARES		
4½% Isr. Elect. 2nd	467½	467½
7 % Hous. Mort. B'k	142½	140½
CURB		
Pal. Brit. Bank	99½	97
Lapidoth	319½	320
Naphta	95	93½
Found. Sh. Lead Sec	106½	106½
Discount	152½	152½
Saran 95½—95½	95½	95
PIA 144½ — 147½		

B: Buyers only; E: ex Div/Coupon S: Sellers only.

YESTERDAY'S TREND

Dollar Bonds — Higher
Index Bonds — Higher
Ord. Shares — Irregular

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F & C, Hamashbir To Make, Sell Fodder

HAIFA. — Fertilizers and Chemicals and Hamashbir Hamerkazi have come to an agreement to set up a joint enterprise for the manufacture and marketing of fodder additives. F. & C. will engage in production and Hamashbir in marketing.

Until now both companies have operated separate manufacturing, mixing and marketing enterprises.

The consumption of fodder additives that quicken the growth of poultry and cattle has been steadily rising here and elsewhere throughout the world.

California UJA Groups Arrive

LYDDA AIRPORT. — About 150 Jewish community leaders from Alameda County and Long Beach, California arrived yesterday for a 10-day visit under the auspices of the UJA.

הודעות מס הכנסה וקרן מיצויים

Import of Radios nd Gramophones

To Israel Residents Staying Abroad for Two Years or More and to Travel Agents

A resident who has been abroad for two years or more is exempt from taking out an import licence, paying customs or purchase tax on a radio, gramophone or radio-gramophone only if it is a used one. The exemption will be granted only if the degree of use is visible or if there is documented proof (licence or other certificate) of the date of purchase, indicating that the appliance has been in use at least one year abroad.

In any other case, the resident, even if he has been absent for over five years, must take out an import licence and pay all taxes.

This notice is designed to clarify the terms of Paragraph 16, Page 10, of the pamphlet "Customs Guide for Israel Residents Going Abroad on Returning to Israel" of March 17, 1961.

הודעות מס הכנסה וקרן מיצויים

PROPERTY AND WAR RISK INDEMNITY TAXES

NOTICES

IF YOU OWN IMMOVABLE PROPERTY (such as houses, lots, etc.) which incurs property tax and you have received a notice of payment for the 1961/62 tax year, you must pay the sum specified on the notice within 30 days of the date of the account.

IF YOU OWN EQUIPMENT AND STOCK which incurs property tax and you have received a notice of payment for the 1961/62 tax year, you must pay the sum specified on the notice by Nov. 30, 1961.

This extension of the date of payment for the current year — i.e. postponement of the deadline for payment, without incurring an "arrears fine," from Oct. 1, 1961, to Nov. 30, 1961 — is a relaxation of the law.

PLEASE DEFRAY YOUR ACCOUNT ON TIME. You will thus help us to avoid unnecessary expenses by sending reminders and warnings; and yourself from additional payment — such as the arrears fine — at the rate of 2 per cent per month of the total tax, and from the unpleasantness involved in receiving warnings and the execution of sequestration. For your convenience! Pay the sum you owe through Bank Hadoar. Attached to the notice you received you'll find a coupon prepared for payment through Bank Hadoar.

Y. SALMAN
Director of Property Taxes and War Risk Indemnities

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HOW ALBANIA DEFIES THE KREMLIN

Russia's Smallest Satellite Has Always Sought Far-Off Friends

By DANIEL NORMAN

LONDON (OFNS). — MR. Khrushchev's attack on the Albanian leaders, and General Enver Hoxha in particular, followed by the latter's denouncing of "Khrushchev's anti-Marxist lies," with mass demonstrations being held throughout Albania, has brought into the open the long-standing though veiled conflict between Moscow and Tirana which began soon after Stalin's death in 1953 and which has been complicated by Peking's support of Albania.

For the first time since Marshal Tito's revolt, the Russian bear is again successfully defied by one of his offspring — and the smallest one at that. Albania is only 10,629 square miles with a population of 1,222,000. Who is the little man who dares to stand up to one of the world's two mightiest nations? And how has he managed to get away with it for so long?

Born on October 16, 1908, in Gjirokaster, Enver Hoxha came from a middle-class Moslem family. In 1930 he was sent on a State scholarship to the French University of Montpellier to study natural science. In spite of his abilities and his gift for languages, the young Enver, a lazy pupil, failed his studies. After a short period in Paris, where he fell under the influence of Vaillant Couturier, then editor of the Communist "Humanite," Hoxha went to Brussels in 1936 where he was employed by the Albanian Consul.

In 1936 he returned home and taught French in secondary schools, first in Tirana, and afterwards in Korce. Refusing a transfer to a *Lycee* in his native town, he opened a tobacco shop in 1940 in Tirana, which soon became a meeting place for the Communist resistance and the starting point of his political career.

By 1946 Enver Hoxha was Premier, General Secretary of the Communist Party, Politbureau member, Minister of Foreign Affairs and Defence, Commander-in-Chief of the Army, and President of the National Liberation Front. Although he relinquished his Ministerial positions in 1954 Gen. Hoxha remained ruler of Albania, paying only lip service to the de-Stalinization process and mercilessly silencing the slightest dissenting voice.

Gen. Hoxha is today the sole survivor of the Albanian Communist Party's 14 founders. The elimination in November, 1960, of Liri Belishova; and the execution last May 15 of five "plotters" including Rear-Admiral Teme Sejko, former Navy Commander-in-Chief, were merely the most recent manifestations of a purge which has lasted throughout his reign. Albania, still has 14 concentration camps and 22 prisons.

Stalin's Best Pupil

In the use of terror as an instrument of government, Gen. Hoxha can rightly claim the title of Stalin's best pupil.

While under the influence of the Yugoslav Communists, who helped the small existing groups in Albania to form the Party and who financed the whole operation, Gen. Hoxha used the proletarian elements led by Koci Xoxe, a blacksmith, and Tuk Yakova, a carpenter, to exterminate the "Youth Group" led by Bedri Spahiu, a former officer, and Patev, the most dangerous of the potential leaders among the "intellectuals."

When Tito broke with Stalin in 1948, however, Gen. Hoxha lost no time in wooing back the survivors and, in particular, Mr. Mehmet Shehu, the present Prime Minister, a former pupil of the Frunze Military Academy in Moscow, to whom he entrusted the Interior Ministry with the task of liquidating his predecessor, Xoxe, and the proletarian wing.

While this skilful handling of affairs explains Gen. Hoxha's success in maintaining himself in power, one must look at the geographical position of the country and Albanian traditions for his success in resisting pressures from outside the frontiers.

Numerically weak and economically poor, the Albanians have always been dominated by fear and defiance of their stronger, ethnically hostile and encircling neighbours (Yugoslav, Greek and Italian), and have always looked for protection to more powerful and as distant as possible foreign powers.

After World War I, for instance, when Albanian territorial integrity was menaced by the 1915 Pact of London (whereby Albania was to be divided between Greece, Yugoslavia and Italy), Albania was saved by President Wilson's intervention. So in 1948 the Albanian leaders played the Russian card against the Yugoslavs whom they hated the more as they were a Yugoslav creation and completely dependent on Belgrade. But when Gen. Hoxha in turn felt himself menaced by the changes in Moscow, he did not fail to look far away to Mr. Mao Tse-tung and Albanian defiance of Moscow increased proportionately with the degree of sympathy they found in Peking. The fact that Albania's liberation was due to its own efforts, like Yugoslavia and China, and not by the Red Army, also gave them a certain freedom of movement in the Communist world.

Family Affair

But no less important is Moscow's inability over the years to penetrate and divide the Albanian leadership, which Gen. Hoxha holds together not only by terror, but also by the traditional familial pattern of the top Party posts. Amongst the 43 members of the Central Committee there are strange family ties. Ten of them, including Enver and Nexhemie Hoxha, are man and wife. The rest are brothers-in-law and other relatives.

Last, but not least, Gen. Hoxha has been able to make use of the factional struggles in the Kremlin.

STALIN: "Whatever he may say about me, he's a man after my own heart!"

By arrangement with "Ma'ariv"

Readers' Letters

SLUM DEMOLITION

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — All those romantically-minded people clamouring for the preservation of Jerusalem's Nahlat Shiv'a Quarter apparently do not live there; otherwise, they would probably have demanded its demolition so that they might be given flats in one of the many housing projects going up all around the Capital. For Nahlat Shiv'a is a slum quarter, and the people living there do so under the most unwholesome conditions imaginable. (They may not even be aware of this and may even object to their being moved somewhere else.)

I suspect that those who protest against plans for the demolition of the Quarter have never gone up one of the rickety, dilapidated staircases leading to a stuffy, dilapidated flat inhabited by a large family — into which not even forlorn rays of Jerusalem's golden sun penetrate.

While everyone will support the preservation of Jerusalem's old buildings, slums do not enhance the Capital's beauty or reputation.

Yours, etc.
MOSHE GELLER

Jerusalem, October 22.

REHAVIA BUS

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — For some 20 years, residents of Rehov Sa'adia Gaon, Jerusalem, made continuous representations to the various authorities to have their street paved.

Now they have a beautiful road but agitate against bus traffic passing over it.

You can't have it both ways.

Yours, etc.
YOHANAN ADIR

Jerusalem, October 22.

MAIL TO ISRAEL

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — The Sages of Chelm seem to be the advisers concerning the passage of mail to Israel via Suez. First of all — after all the precedents — mail is sent from Australia through the Suez Canal in a passenger liner, because this is thought "safer"; and then the mail is to be re-directed from Australia through the Panama Canal!

Hasn't anybody heard of the Red Sea port Eilat? I think its capacity is large enough for some additional sacks of mail from east and south of Suez to be transhipped and collected at suitable points before reaching Suez, instead of having it transhipped at Genoa. It seems to be worth trying — and it will take less time than via Panama.

Yours, etc.
PERES TURA

Rehovot, October 18.

MARGINAL COMMENT

FALL-IN and FALL-OUT

By Fay Doron

WE are living in fantastic times when truth is stranger and infinitely more horrifying than space fiction. The story of the copper needles (now apparently lost) which the U.S. military authorities projected into space last week needs an H. G. Wells to do it justice. The menace of radioactive fallout from the big Soviet bomb, spreading a bestial miasma across the world, is like a nightmare from which one hopes to wake up alive.

★

NO ordinary words can express the revulsion and despair which must have seized many at the thought of the imminent danger in which mankind stands at this moment in time. There is something apocalyptic about it all and one finds oneself turning more and more to poetry, and the distilled wisdom of the ages to give expression to the inner tumult. *"Timor mortis conturbat me"* has become the accompaniment to the mechanical actions of everyday living.

★

EXCEPT, presumably, to Nikita Khrushchev. That rotund man, who can discuss crops with peasants in any part of the world, is reported to make speeches in Ukrainian that are so funny that his listeners could almost die laughing. Perhaps that was his aim last week when one day he promised a washing machine in every home in Russia (once every Russian worker has a home of his own) and the next day released an atom bomb more powerful than all the Allied bombs on Germany during the whole of the last war.

I once heard Khrushchev explain his theory of co-existence in Biblical terms. "You remember", he told his audience (he was talking to Indians, most of whom were unacquainted with the tale) "that when the Flood came, Noah built an Ark. Into the Ark he took, two by two, all the animals in the world. He took the clean and the unclean animals and they co-existed together in the Ark. So why should Communists and Capitalists not be able to co-exist?"

★

PERHAPS Khrushchev is megalomaniac enough to feel that he can release a new flood of radioactivity and lead into the safety of his Ark those whom he wants to save from the deluge. Perhaps his archaeologists have found the remnants of Noah's Ark, which, according to legend, rests on the top of Mount Ararat, in Soviet Armenia, and that put the idea into his head. Or perhaps his scientists have assured him that they have developed a "clean" bomb. Otherwise why should he risk the well-being of future generations of his own people? Canute could not sweep back the waves and Khrushchev cannot yet control the winds of heaven, which can waft Strontium 90 where they will.

★

WHILE there is a frenzy of fall-out shelter-building in the U.S., while an aged Earl-philosopher and his followers lie down in the streets of London in protest against competing with nuclear weapons, we in Israel go about our daily duties as though we were already on another planet. It is all to the good that we should feel no panic, for there is nothing that we can do that will change the world situation. The average Israeli is glad that at least he is going to have a Government again before we have to fall-in to fight fall-out.

Jerusalem, October 30.

PERSONALITY PROFILE : Dr. Peter Tahourdin

From A-Bomb to British Council

By REX DALNY

DR. Peter Tahourdin's house bore many melancholy signs of his forthcoming departure. Great packing cases filled the living room.

Nevertheless, Dr. Tahourdin, who has directed the British Council so pleasantly and efficiently for the last three years, still managed to entertain as hospitably as if this were not his last night in his Ramat Gan home. The following day he was moving to a hotel; tomorrow (Tuesday), he leaves to take up a new post in England.

"On paper it's a promotion," he said, "although of course it can't mean much in money; nothing does in these tax-ridden days, does it? I'll be in charge of nine departments of the Council — the sciences, libraries, periodicals, publications, tape recordings, photographic exhibitions, and some others. It'll keep me in London for a few years — I've only seen London as a tourist since the war."

Research Physicist

Dr. Tahourdin came to the British Council via Hiroshima and Nagasaki; a research physicist, he had worked on the atomic bomb under Sir Francis Simon, and, revolted by the use to which nuclear physics had been put, decided to find a "more constructive" pursuit. Apart from obtaining a B.Sc. and D.Phil at Oxford, he had also "collected" a B.A. in passing, and was always interested in the humanities as well as the sciences. So the British Council seemed a logical address for a man with his qualifications and opinions.

He went to the Council's office in Rome as Science Officer for eight years. Then he was transferred to Yugoslavia as Assistant Director, with a special brief for science. After four years in Belgrade, he came to Israel.

"One reason I wanted to come to Israel was that it's science is so highly developed," he explained. "The scientists are very pleasant people and the standard here is extremely high. And the interest in science is very widespread. Although I'm no longer an experimental scientist, I still talk their language and I was steeped in science so long that I still want to keep up with it. I've made many

scientific contacts — the Hebrew University, which is superb; the Weizmann Institute; the Technion; Bar-Ilan; Tel Aviv; and then there are various Ministries. Generally, we have so many friends that I get a surprise when I meet an Israeli I did not know before."

He outlined the philosophy and aims of the British Council. "We want to promote an understanding of British culture and background, and of the English language. It boils down to promoting relations between people. We hope that what we are doing will lead to a two-way traffic and that people gain by knowing each other. We never feed out stuff; we don't set store by propaganda material. Since we can't get at all the people in a country direct, we work through specialist groups. I always take the point of view that we're not just philanthropic; it's a mutual operation from which we gain in many ways. First, there are the new links; secondly, it's always good to study somebody else's outlook, to meet people coming from different climates and having different ways. We learn a great deal from people going to England under British Council auspices."

The British Council was formed in 1934 by a small group of persons "to promote knowledge of the British way of life." Today it operates in 70 countries (not in the U.S., excluded on the somewhat dubious assumption that Americans talk the same language), and has an annual budget of more than £6m. Most of the money is provided by the Government, but the Council is run by a completely independent Executive Committee which is free to operate exactly as it thinks fit without any official interference. The Committee includes representatives of the universities, the trade unions, industry, the Research Council; of such fields as literature, fine arts, and music, and geographical regions like Scotland and Wales. "The idea is to get a complete cross-section of British life," Dr. Tahourdin explained. "And I think we have succeeded. There are one or two government representatives, but policy is completely free from control."

The Council grants scholarships — and also acts as agents for all U.N. bodies such as the WHO or FAO. "Nearly 500 Israelis have gone to England under our wing. Most of them are of post-graduate status. They include doctors, scientists, many English teachers, a lot of lawyers — because of the influence of English law here — economists, administrators, educationalists, social anthropologists. In choosing our people, we rely heavily on Israel's own institutions. The meeting of our Scholarships Board has become an annual occasion which lasts two days; it's one of the things I'm going to miss most."

Apart from the scholarships, the Council helps Israel in many cultural fields. The three lending libraries carry 70,000 volumes, the largest stock of books in English available to the public.

"I wish we could do more for the arts and the theatre. The cost of bringing out a theatre group, a ballet or an orchestra is enormous. The London Symphony Orchestra was a great success, but it involved a heavy loss. I'm working on something at the moment with the Israel Philharmonic Orchestra which may mature into a real treat for this country. I should like to bring out the Stratford Company — but think of the cost! It's no good bringing out anything which isn't first-class: the people here are very sophisticated and won't put up with backwoods stuff, even if we were prepared to offer it. But remember that what we give one country has to go to all 70."

Happy in Israel

When I asked Dr. Tahourdin to sum up his opinions about Israel, his wife Betty (called "Blue") joined eagerly in the discussion. Pros about Israel: warmth; hospitality; realism ("People know what they want and don't mind if you can't give it to them; they don't suspect you of treating them unfairly"); generosity ("They give time and effort without thinking of getting anything back"); ability to acquire and to use knowledge; sense of humour. ("Generally left out of the books about Israel.")

"There hasn't been a single good book written about the country," Dr. Tahourdin said. "People are too close to it when they write. The country's got far more to it than girls intensely picking oranges."

Other pros: great honesty; the equality transcending ethnic differences. (Dr. Tahourdin is a descendant of a French Hugenot family.) "You can say simply that we like Israel and the Israelis," added Mrs. Tahourdin.

Cons: "I wish people slept more. They could use an English week-end." ("You can say we haven't had a full night's rest since we came here," commented his wife.) Tel Aviv traffic. And excessive speeches.

"We know people from Kfar Blum to Eilat," he concluded. "And we're certainly coming back whenever we can, to see how they're getting on. In the meanwhile, we hope to meet them in London whenever they're abroad."

YESTERDAY'S PRESS

FOREIGN POLITICS

REVIEWING the Foreign Minister's report to the Cabinet, Davar (Histadrut) observes that the interim report of the Palestine Conciliation Committee indicates that "the Committee will recommend an attempt to force an inappropriate solution and one which would therefore be doomed to fail." While the Arabs can be expected to submit extreme anti-Israel resolutions on the refugee question, the paper goes on, "there is reason to hope that they will not find sufficient support to pass them..." Turning to Israel's support of the motion to censure Mr. Louw's speech, the paper says that she acted on the basis of "her opposition in principle to racial policies, even though the vote was formally on the question of censuring a speech made in the Assembly." Israel's attitude on the proposal to oust South Africa from the United Nations "must be decided on the basis of a thorough discussion at Cabinet level."

Ha'aretz (non-party), commenting on the petition being circulated by intellectuals and students against atomic tests and the arming of Western Germany with atomic arms, writes: "Because we were absorbed in our own internal and external problems, we in Israel have until now been immune to the fear of nuclear war that has long since gripped the peoples of Europe and America." While some countries might have thought that Israel's support of the U.N. resolution on the Soviet atomic tests was prompted by cold war considerations, the petition "shows that the opposition to the tests is not guided by preference for one side or another in the inter-bloc struggle, but by concern for the common fate that we share with all mankind."

Hatzofe (National Religious) says that Israel must preserve the military superiority she demonstrated in the Sinai Campaign in order to safeguard her security.

Herut, commenting on the Coalition negotiations, reminds the Liberals that "they arrogantly rejected Herut's offer of cooperation."

Al Hamishmar (Mapam) opposes further Government aid to the Hadera Paper Mills.

Hamodia (Agudat Yisrael) says that the Israel National Soccer Team should not play against Italy on the Sabbath, and also opposes Sabbath Soccer games in Israel.

KEEPING POSTED

AN Israeli who came back from a trip on an El Al plane says there was a rather curious little incident on the last lap. A clergyman who had just got on was sitting across the aisle from him, and looked around at the Hebrew notices with semi-professional interest. The air hostess made her

usual little speech of welcome, in Hebrew, of course (prior to repeating it in English) in what may have been a rather solemn tone. The clergyman recognized the language but not the contents, and at the end said helpfully "Amen."

This can happen to one anywhere of course, for we remember once going to an Irish-speaking celebration in Kerry, and being much impressed with a man with a long beard who made what sounded like a passionate denunciation of the traditional crimes of the English. When we asked whether it had been in prose or verse, we learnt that the old man had lost a suitcase at Tralee railway station and had been reciting its contents.

•

WE are all accustomed to stories of long-lost relatives meeting again by chance at a bus stop in Petah Tikva or across a table in an income tax office. The Wizo has a new version of this tale. It seems that the Philadelphia Investments Study Mission was touring the Premature Ward of the Mothercraft Training Centre in Tel Aviv when a doctor in the group became very excited and examined the finish of the incubators with care. They come from UNICEF and are manufactured in Philadelphia, and he happened to be the doctor who has to certify them as satisfactory and fit for use.

•

WE have been flooded with comments on the question of people who are so nervous of crossing the road that they wait until the lights have changed back to red. Nobody minds the elderly, the confused, women with small children with independent views or pedestrians with any other handicaps. But what about young boys that organize themselves into a squad to march backwards and forwards in front of a taxi just for fun?

•

QUITE recently we ordered what is known as a double espresso at a Tel Aviv cafe. Not the kind where you just get twice as much water with the same amount of coffee: but a double quantity of espresso in a larger cup. With it came two little packets of sugar, two tiny jugs of milk, and two spoons.

•

A FRIEND whose daughter has just begun school says the child is noticeably confused over the fact that in some of the books her mother reads the writing goes from left to right, whereas at school it always goes from right to left. She heard that this was a question of whether it was Hebrew or English, which she can speak a little. This was an interesting explanation, she thought, and immediately announced that in future when she wished to tell her (English-speaking) grandmother a secret, she would murmur in her left ear only.

•

WE have come across some doubt here occasionally just what this famous art of English understatement is — not unnatural in a country

that specializes in overstatement. We would like to offer the example of the Earl of Harewood, cousin to the present Queen of England, whose wife is on a visit here at the moment, while he is taking care of the fifteenth Edinburgh Festival. During the last war he joined the British army in the ranks and ended up as a prisoner-of-war in Germany. During his interrogation in the camp he was asked whether he had any relatives in London. After a moment's thought he replied yes, an uncle who lived near Victoria Station (where Buckingham Palace is situated).

WHETHER MAN WOMAN OR CHILD

Wherever you are

let Wellaform accompany you. You will find it pays to be well groomed, always.

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Nourishes scalp. Keeps hair in place longer — no need for hair spray. Does not make hair greasy.

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SOLEL BONEH CONSTRUCTION AND PUBLIC WORKS COMPANY LTD.

Notice of the Company's Annual General Meeting

Notice is hereby given in accordance with the decision of the Company's Board of Directors that the Company's Annual General Meeting will be held on Wednesday, November 8, 1961, at 10 a.m., at the Company's Registration Office, 111 Allenby Rd., Tel Aviv.

AGENDA:

a. Directors' report
b. Authorization of the Company's balance
c. Election of Directors
d. Election of auditor
e. Miscellaneous.

Holders of Bearer Bond Certificates may participate in the said Annual General Meeting upon depositing the Bearer Bond Certificates they hold with the Company's Secretary or upon giving the Secretary authorizations from Israel banks concerning the Certificates being deposited therewith, no later than three whole days before the time of the said Meeting, in accordance with the Articles of Corporation of the Company.

If within half an hour of the time set for the meeting there is not a legal quorum, the meeting will be postponed till the same day of the following week, at the same hour and same place, or to any other date, hour and/or place as the Board of Directors will determine in a notice to holders of bonds which entitle their holders to participate in and vote in the General Meeting.

If at the postponed Meeting there is also no legal quorum, then two members holding such Bonds, present in person or by proxy, will constitute a legal quorum and will be entitled to discuss the matters for which they have been called to the meeting.

By Order of the Board of Directors
I. BAR-RATZON

THIS WEEK
3rd Drawing
in a series of 4
Mifal Hapayis
Drawings
with
unprecedented
prizes.

"NEVE AVIV" CLUB
American Retirement Home

N.A.C.

THE CORNERSTONE LAYING CEREMONY

will take place on Tuesday, October 31, 1961, at 4 p.m. at the building site, Herzliya-Pituah, adjacent to Validor Hotel, with the participation of members of the Government, Jewish Agency Executive and the Association of Americans and Canadians in Israel.

Visitors from the U.S.A. and Canada, and their friends, are cordially invited.

Transportation: Buses will leave from Kopel Tours, 4 Rehov Tchernikhovsky, Tel Aviv, at 3.30 p.m.

חברת לטכסטיל בע"מ
אתא فرعة كسطيل عدودة الصان
ATA TEXTILE COMP. LTD.

NOTICE

To the Holders of Preference Shares "B"

Notice is hereby given that a SEPARATE GENERAL MEETING of the holders of the Preference Shares "B" of the Company under the terms of Article 50 of the Company's Articles of Association will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at Kfar Ata on the 21st November 1961 at 9.30 in the forenoon (or immediately after the termination of the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company called for the same day at 9 o'clock in the forenoon) for the purpose of considering and if thought fit passing as an Extraordinary Resolution the following resolution (with or without amendments) that is to say:—

That the following resolution brought before the Company this day in Extraordinary General Meeting and all that is expressed to be effected or authorised by the said resolution or is involved therein —

"That each of the 3665 Preference Shares "B" of IL 1 each (being all the Preference Shares "B" at present outstanding) be converted into and become an Ordinary Share "C" of IL 1 ranking as from the date of this resolution for dividend and in all other respects pari passu with the existing Ordinary Shares "C" of IL 1 each of the Company"

be and is hereby agreed to, sanctioned and adopted on behalf of all the holders of the said Preference Shares "B" and shall be binding on all such holders.

Kfar Ata, October 29, 1961

By order of the Board
J. ABRAMOV, Secretary

חברת לטכסטיל בע"מ
אתא فرعة كسطيل عدودة الصان
ATA TEXTILE COMP. LTD.

NOTICE

To the Holders of Preference Shares "C"

Notice is hereby given that a SEPARATE GENERAL MEETING of the holders of the Preference Shares "C" of the Company under the terms of Article 50 of the Company's Articles of Association will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at Kfar Ata on the 21st November 1961 at 10 o'clock in the forenoon (or immediately after the termination of the Separate General Meeting of the holders of the Preference Shares "B" of the Company called for the same day at 9.30 in the forenoon) for the purpose of considering and if thought fit passing as an Extraordinary Resolution the following resolution (with or without amendments) that is to say:—

That the following resolution brought before the Company this day in Extraordinary General Meeting and all that is expressed to be effected or authorised by the said resolution or is involved therein —

"That each of the 3675 Preference Shares "C" of IL 1 each (being all the Preference Shares "C" at present outstanding) be converted into and become an Ordinary Share "C" of IL 1 ranking as from the date of this resolution for dividend and in all other respects pari passu with the existing Ordinary Shares "C" of IL 1 each of the Company"

be and is hereby agreed to, sanctioned and adopted on behalf of all the holders of the said Preference Shares "C" and shall be binding on all such holders.

Kfar Ata, October 29, 1961

By order of the Board
J. ABRAMOV, Secretary

חברת לטכסטיל בע"מ
אתא فرعة كسطيل عدودة الصان
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NOTICE

is hereby given that an

Extraordinary General Meeting

of the Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at Kfar Ata on the 21st November 1961 at 9 o'clock in the forenoon for the purpose of considering and if thought fit passing as Special Resolutions the following resolutions (with or without amendments) that is to say:—

A. That each of the 3665 Preference Shares "B" of IL 1 each (being all the Preference Shares "B" at present outstanding) be converted into and become an Ordinary Share "C" of IL 1 ranking as from the date of this resolution for dividend and in all other respects pari passu with the existing Ordinary Shares "C" of IL 1 each of the Company.

B. That each of the 3675 Preference Shares "C" of IL 1 each (being all the Preference Shares "C" at present outstanding) be converted into and become an Ordinary Shares "C" of IL 1 ranking as from the date of this resolution for dividend and in all other respects pari passu with the existing Ordinary Shares "C" of IL 1 each of the Company.

Kfar Ata, October 29, 1961.

By order of the Board
J. ABRAMOV, Secretary